## Department of Mechanical Engineering, IIT Kharagpur Applied Thermofluids-2 (ME40603/ME40701)

3<sup>rd</sup> Class Test (7<sup>th</sup> November 2017)

Max. Marks: 20

Duration: 50 minutes

## Make suitable assumptions, wherever necessary

Steam is supplied to a 50 MW, single stage impulse turbine through 50 identical, convergent-divergent steam nozzles. During the process, steam undergoes expansion from an initial condition of 114 bar and 400°C to a final pressure of 20 bar. The enthalpy at the inlet and exit of the nozzle are: 3065 kJ/kg and 2689 kJ/kg, respectively. The specific volume of steam at the inlet to the nozzles is 0.0225 m³/kg. The critical pressure ratio is 0.5457 and the expansion process in the nozzle follows the equation  $pv^{1.3} = constant$ ; where p and v are absolute pressure and specific volume. Neglect velocity at the inlet to the nozzle and assume ideal conditions. From the given data find exit and throat diameters of the nozzle.

In an impulse turbine, the inlet fluid velocity and blade speed are 600 m/s and 300 m/s, respectively. The blades are symmetrical. If the area of the inlet and exit velocity triangles are 25000 m<sup>2</sup>/s<sup>2</sup> and 24000 m<sup>2</sup>/s<sup>2</sup>, respectively, find a) filet nozzle and blade angles, b) Power developed (in kW) for a mass flow rate of 24 kg/s, Blade friction coefficient, d) Axial thrust (in N), and e) Furbine Utilization factor.

## End of the paper