

(1)

Let Shift 1 = 12AM-6AM, Shift 2 = 6AM-12PM, Shift 3 = 12PM-6PM, Shift 4 = 6PM-12AM.
Let x_{ij} = workers working shifts i and j

$$\text{Min } Z = 144(x_{12} + x_{14} + x_{23} + x_{34}) + 216(x_{13} + x_{24})$$

Subject to

$$x_{12} + x_{13} + x_{14} \geq 15$$

$$x_{12} + x_{23} + x_{24} \geq 5$$

$$x_{13} + x_{23} + x_{34} \geq 12$$

$$x_{14} + x_{24} + x_{34} \geq 6$$

$$\text{All variables } \geq 0$$

(a) $(3, 1.5), Z = 21$

(b) Redundant constraints: (1) and (3)

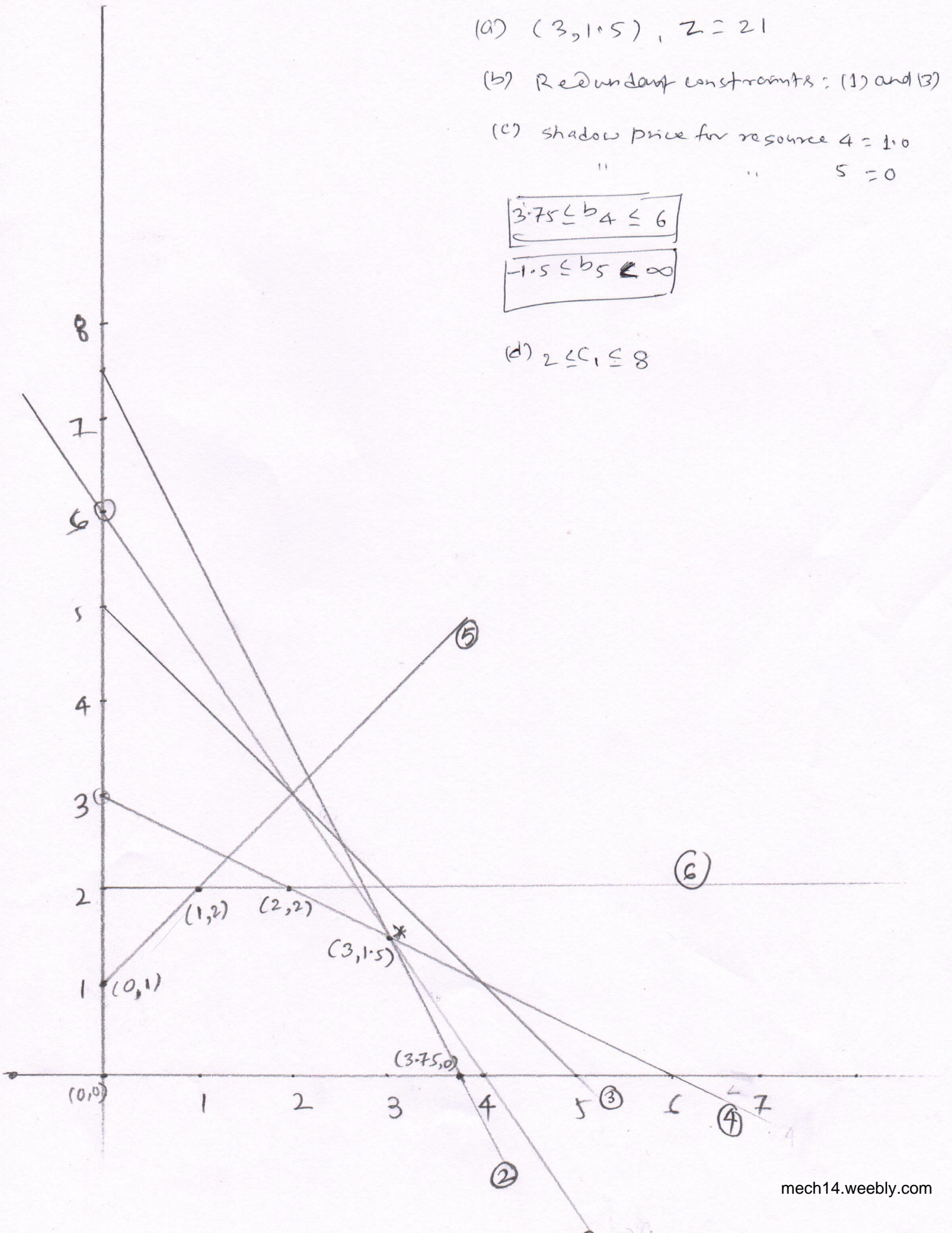
(c) shadow price for resource 4 = 1.0

" " " " 5 = 0

$$3.75 \leq b_4 \leq 6$$

$$-1.5 \leq b_5 \leq \infty$$

(d) $2 \leq c_1 \leq 8$



(3)

- a) $x_4=2, x_5=1, x_6=6, x_1=x_2=x_3=0$.
- b) $x_1=1, x_4=1, x_5=2, x_6=4, x_2=x_3=0$ is the basic feasible solution. Net change in $Z = 3-2 = 1$.
- c) $\text{Max } x_1 = \text{Min} \left(\infty, \frac{2}{1}, \frac{6}{2} \right) = 2$.
- d) $x_1=2, x_5=3, x_6=2, x_2=x_3=x_4=0$ is the new basic feasible solution.
- e) No. It is not optimal, because the relative profit for the nonbasic variable x_3 is 1. Hence Z can be increased further.

(4)

Modified problem

$$\text{Max } z = 3x_1 + x_2 - M\bar{x}_6 - M\bar{x}_7$$

$$\text{s.t. } -x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + \bar{x}_6 = 1$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_4 + \bar{x}_7 = 3$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_5 = 4$$

$$x_i \geq 0, \bar{x}_6, \bar{x}_7 \geq 0$$

BV	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	\bar{x}_6	\bar{x}_7	RHS	Ratio
\bar{x}_6	-1	①	-1	0	0	1	0	1	1 →
\bar{x}_7	1	1	0	-1	0	0	1	3	3
x_5	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	4	4
Z	-3	-1	0	0	0	M	M	0	not in proportion
Z	-3	-1-2M	M	M	0	0	0	-4M	$R_0 \rightarrow R_0 - MR_1$ $-MR_2$
x_2	-1	1	-1	0	0	1	0	1	-
\bar{x}_7	②	0	1	-1	0	-1	1	2	1 →
x_5	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	1
Z	-(4+2M)	0	-(1+M)	M	0	(1+2M)	0	1-2M	
x_2	0	1	-1/2	-1/2	0	1/2	1/2	2	-
x_1	1	0	1/2	-1/2	0	1/2	1/2	1	-
x_5	0	0	-1/2	3/2	1	1/2	-3/2	0	0 →
Z	0	0	1	-2	0	M-1	M+2	5	
x_2	0	1	-2/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3	0	2
x_1	1	0	1/3	0	1/3	1/3	1/3	0	1
x_4	0	0	-1/3	1	2/3	1/3	-1	0	0
Z	0	0	1/3	0	4/3	(M-1/3)	M	5	

$$x_1 = 1$$

$$z_{\text{max}} = 5$$

Q.5. \rightarrow \rightarrow

$$\text{Min } z = 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 2x_3$$

S.t:-

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \geq 6$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \geq 3$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0.$$

Modified problem:-

$$\text{Min. } z = 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 2x_3 + 0x_4 + 0x_5 + Mx_6 + Mx_7.$$

S.t:-

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 + x_6 = 6$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_5 + x_7 = 3$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7 \geq 0.$$

Phase I:-

$$\text{Min } z' = x_6 + x_7$$

$$\text{Min } (-z)' = -x_6 - x_7.$$

S.t:-

$$x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 - x_4 + x_6 = 6$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_5 + x_7 = 3$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7 \geq 0.$$

B.V	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7	RHS	Ratio
x_6	1	3	2	-1	0	1	0	6	2 →
x_7	2	1	1	0	-1	0	1	3	3
$-z'$	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
$-z'$	-3	-4	-3	1	1	0	0	-9	
x_2	1/3	1	2/3	-1/3	0	1/3	0	2	6
x_7	5/3	0	4/3	1/3	-1	-1/3	1	1	3/5 →
$-z'$	-5/3	0	-4/3	-1/3	1	4/3	0	-1	
x_2	0	1	3/5	-2/5	1/5	2/5	-1/5	9/5	
x_1	1	0	1/5	1/5	-3/5	-4/5	3/5	3/5	
$-z'$	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	

(2)

Min $z' = 0$
 $x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0$
 Basic variables; $x_2 = 9/5, x_1 = 3/5$

Phase II :-

$$\text{Min } z = 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 2x_3.$$

B.V	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	RHS	Ratio
x_2	0	1	$\boxed{3/5}$	$-2/5$	$1/5$	$9/5$	$3 \rightarrow$
x_1	1	0	$4/5$	$4/5$	$-3/5$	$3/5$	3
Z'	3	6	2	0	0	0	
Z'	0	0	$-11/5$	$9/5$	$3/5$	$-63/5$	
x_3	0	$5/3$	1	$-2/3$	$1/3$	3	
x_1	1	$-1/3$	0	$1/3$	$-2/3$	0	
Z'	0	$11/3$	0	$4/3$	$4/3$	-6	

(2)

$$x_1 = 0, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 3, Z_{\min} = 6$$

Ans

if, we leave x_1 :-

B.V	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	RHS	Ratio
x_2	-3	1	0	-1	$\boxed{2}$	0	$0 \rightarrow$
x_3	5	0	1	1	-3	3	-1
Z'	11	0	0	4	-6	-6	
x_5	$-3/2$	$1/2$	0	$-1/2$	1	0	
x_3	$1/2$	$3/2$	1	$-1/2$	0	3	
Z'	2	3	0	1	0	-6	

$$Z_{\min} = 6$$

7

Q. 6

Augmented form

$$\max z = 10x_1 + 12x_2 + 12x_3$$

$$\text{s.t. } x_1 + 2x_2 + 2x_3 + x_4 = 20$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 + x_5 = 20$$

$$2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + x_6 = 20$$

$$x_i \geq 0$$

$$c = [10 \ 12 \ 12]$$

$$[A \quad I] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \tilde{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

Initial

$$\tilde{x}_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{bmatrix} = B^{-1} \tilde{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}, \quad c_B = [0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

$$c_B B^{-1} A - c = [-10 \ -12 \ -12], \quad c_B B^{-1} = [0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

Tie in entering variable
 \Rightarrow x_2 entering variable

$$\text{Ratio} = \begin{bmatrix} 20/2 \\ 20/1 \\ 20/2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \text{tie for leaving variable}$$

Let x_4 leaving variable

Iteration 1

$$\tilde{x}_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_B = [12 \ 0 \ 0]$$

$$\tilde{x}_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{bmatrix} = B^{-1} \tilde{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_B B^{-1} A - c = [12 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = [10 \ 12 \ 12]$$

$B^{-1} b =$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad B^{-1}a_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \begin{bmatrix} 10/1/2 \\ 10/3/2 \\ 0/1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20/3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{x_6} \text{ leaving var}$$

Iteration 2

$$x_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_5 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 \\ 1 & 1 & -3/2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_B = [12 \quad 0 \quad 10]$$

$$x_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_5 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} = B^{-1}b = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 \\ 1 & 1 & -3/2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_B B^{-1}A - c = [12 \quad 0 \quad 10] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 \\ 1 & 1 & -3/2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - [10 \quad 12 \quad 12]$$

$$= [0 \quad 0 \quad -4] \Rightarrow \underline{x_3} \text{ entering variable}$$

$$c_B B^{-1} = [2 \quad 0 \quad 4]$$

$$B^{-1}a_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1/2 \\ 1 & 1 & -3/2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/2 \\ 9/2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ratio} = \begin{bmatrix} 10/3/2 \\ 10/9/2 \\ - \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20/3 \\ 20/9 \\ - \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \underline{x_5} \text{ leaving variable}$$

Iteration 3

$$x_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2/5 & -3/5 & 2/5 \\ 2/5 & 2/5 & -3/5 \\ -3/5 & 2/5 & 2/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c_B = [12 \quad 12 \quad 10], \quad x_B = B^{-1}b = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad z = c_B b = 126$$