

**End-Spring Semester Examination, 2016**  
 Mechanical Engineering Department  
**Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur**  
 Subject: Micromechanics and Nanomechanics (ME 60432)

Full Marks: 50

Time : 3 Hrs

Answer all questions and assume reasonably wherever necessary

1. Prove that the bounds of the effective linear elastic properties of a composite are given by

$$[C^R] \leq [C] \leq [C^V]$$

where  $[C^R]$  is the Reuss lower bound,  $[C]$  is the effective linear elastic properties of the composite and  $[C^V]$  is the Voigt upper bound. (10)

2. (a) In case of Method of Cells for estimating the effective elastic properties of unidirectional continuous fiber-reinforced composite, write the interfacial traction continuity conditions at the interface between the subcells. (5)

(b) Prove that according to Levin's theorem effective thermal expansion coefficients of a composite can be extracted from the effective elastic properties of the composite. (5)

3. (a) In a system of atoms, the pair-wise interaction potential energy between any two atoms is given by the Lennard-Jone potential ( $V_{LJ}$ ) as

$$V_{LJ}(r) = -\frac{A}{r^6} + \frac{B}{r^{12}}$$

where the constants  $A$  and  $B$  determine the strengths of the attractive and the repulsive interactions, respectively and  $r$  is the distance between the atoms. Determine the equilibrium distance between the atoms and show that the binding energy between the atoms is  $A^2 / 4B$ . (5)

(b) In a lattice structure, what is called Wigner-Seitz primitive cell? Write the potential energy of an atom located at the lattice point ( $\mathbf{n}$ ,  $\mathbf{m}$ ) of a hexagonal lattice as shown in Fig. 1. Derive the stiffness matrices  $[K_{-1,1}]$  and  $[K_{1,-1}]$  corresponding to this atom. (3+3+4)

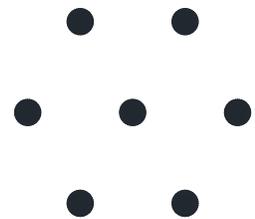


Fig. 1

4. (a) What is the difference between an “arm chair” CNT and a “zig zag” CNT? Determine the diameter of an ( $\mathbf{m}$ ,  $\mathbf{n}$ ) SWCNT. (1+2)

(b) Employing a variational principle, derive an analytical model for estimating the effective young's modulus of an “arm chair” type SWCNT. (7)

5. Briefly explain how the waviness of CNT is modeled for estimating the effective Young's modulus of a unidirectional wavy CNT-reinforced nanocomposite. (5)